Production, Revenues, Costs and Profits

- I. What is the long run?
- 2. What is the short run?
- 3. What is the most commonly fixed factor in the short run?
- 4. What is product?
- 5. What is productivity?
- 6. What is average product?
- 7. What is marginal product?
- 8. What is the law of diminishing marginal productivity
- 9. Why is total product maximised a marginal product crosses zero?
- 10. Why does MP=AP at AP's turning point?
- II. What are fixed costs?
- 12. What are sunk costs?
- 13. What are variable costs?
- 14. What are total costs?
- 15. What are total variable costs?
- 16. What are average (total) costs?
- 17. What are average fixed costs?
- 18. What are average variable costs?
- 19. What is marginal cost?
- 20. How do Economists and Accountatns differ in their approach to costs?
- 21. Which costs are only relevant in the short run and why?
- 22. Why does MFC=0?
- 23. Explain why MVC=MTC?
- 24. Describe the shape of the TC curve?
- 25. Describe the relationship between the TC curve and the TVC curve?
- 26. Describe the shape of a typical MC curve?
- 27. Describe the shape of a typical AC curve?
- 28. Why are TC and TVC parallel?
- 29. Why does MC cross AC at ACs turning point/.
- 30. What is the long run?
- 31. What is the short run?
- 32. The concept of returns to scale concerns the relationship between which two variables?
- 33. What is meant by 'constant returns to scale'?
- 34. What is meant by 'decreasing returns to scale'?
- 35. What is meant by 'increasing returns to scale'?
- 36. The concept of Economies of scale concerns the relationship between which two variables?
- 37. What are economies of scale?
- 38. What are diseconomies of scale?
- 39. Name 3 types of economies of scale
- 40. What are internal economies of scale?
- 41. What are external economies of scale?
- 42. What are financial economies of scale?
- 43. What are technical economies of scale?
- 44. What network economies of scale?



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- 45. What are marketing economies of scale?
- 46. What are purchasing economies of scale?
- 47. What are risk-bearing economies of scale?
- 48. Give a possible cause of diseconomies of scale
- 49. What is the principal-agent problem?
- 50. Which cost curves are irrelevant in the long run and why?
- 51. What is minimum efficient scale?
- 52. What are the axes on an LRAC diagram?
- 53. What shape is the LRAC curve?
- 54. How can you show economies of scale on an LRAC diagram?
- 55. How can you show diseconomies of scale on an LRAC diagram?
- 56. How can you show minimum efficient scale on an LRAC diagram?
- 57. If PED is elastic, what happens to revenue when price increases?
- 58. If PED is inelastic, what happens to revenue when price increases?
- 59. If PED is elastic, what happens to revenue when price decreases?
- 60. If PED is inelastic, what happens to revenue when price decreases?
- 61. Is a demand curve with elastic PED relatively shallow or relatively steep?
- 62. Is a demand curve with inelastic PED relatively shallow or relatively steep?
- 63. What is the AR curve otherwise known as?
- 64. What is marginal revenue?
- 65. What two things happen at the same quantity where TR is maximised?
- 66. What is the relationship between the AR curve and the MR curve?
- 67. What does the total revenue curve look like for an industry?
- 68. What does the average revenue curve look like for an industry?
- 69. What does the marginal revenue curve look like for an industry?
- 70. What is the relationship between the values of AR and MR at each revenue level?
- 71. What is 'normal profit' in Economics?
- 72. What is accounting profit?
- 73. How do economic costs differ from accounting costs?
- 74. What is supernormal profit?
- 75. What is the profit maximising condition?
- 76. Explain the profit maximising condition

